#### **LICENSES**

## NRS 635.050 License to practice podiatry: Requirements; fee for application.

- 1. Any person wishing to practice podiatry in this State must, before beginning to practice, procure from the Board a license to practice podiatry.
  - 2. A license to practice podiatry may be issued by the Board to any person who:
  - (a) Is of good moral character.
  - (b) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States.
  - (c) Has received the degree of D.P.M., Doctor of Podiatric Medicine, from an accredited school of podiatry.
  - (d) Has completed a residency approved by the Board.
  - (e) Has passed the examination given by the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners.
- (f) Has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of <u>NRS 635.130</u>. For the purposes of this paragraph, an affidavit signed by the applicant stating that the applicant has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of <u>NRS 635.130</u> constitutes satisfactory proof.
- 3. An applicant for a license to practice podiatry must submit to the Board or a committee thereof pursuant to such regulations as the Board may adopt:
  - (a) The fee for an application for a license of not more than \$600;
  - (b) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the requirements of subsection 2 have been met; and
  - (c) All other information required by the Board to complete an application for a license.
- → The Board shall, by regulation, establish the fee required to be paid pursuant to this subsection.
- 4. The Board may reject an application if it appears that the applicant's credentials are fraudulent or the applicant has practiced podiatry without a license or committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130.
  - 5. The Board may require such further documentation or proof of qualification as it may deem proper.
  - 6. The provisions of this section do not apply to a person who applies for:
  - (a) A limited license to practice podiatry pursuant to NRS 635.075; or
  - (b) A provisional license to practice podiatry pursuant to NRS 635.082.

[Part 4:149:1949; 1943 NCL § 1077.4]—(NRS A 1960, 325; 1969, 906; 1977, 131, 1565; 1983, 378; 1987, 1853; 1993, 2220; 1995, 869; 1997, 2135; 2003, 673; 2005, 2733, 2807, 2813; 2007, 1042)

### NRS 635.065 Requirements for applicants licensed in another jurisdiction.

- 1. In addition to the other requirements for licensure set forth in this chapter, an applicant for a license to practice podiatry in this State who has been licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia must submit:
  - (a) An affidavit signed by the applicant that:
    - (1) Identifies each jurisdiction in which the applicant has been licensed to practice; and
- (2) States whether a disciplinary proceeding has ever been instituted against the applicant by the licensing board of that jurisdiction and, if so, the status of the proceeding; and
- (b) If the applicant is currently licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia, a certificate from the licensing board of that jurisdiction stating that the applicant is in good standing and no disciplinary proceedings are pending against the applicant.
- 2. The Board may require an applicant who has been licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia to:
- (a) Pass an examination prescribed by the Board concerning the provisions of this chapter and any regulations adopted pursuant thereto; or
  - (b) Submit satisfactory proof that:
- (1) The applicant maintained an active practice in another state or the District of Columbia within the 5 years immediately preceding the application;
- (2) No disciplinary proceeding has ever been instituted against the applicant by a licensing board in any jurisdiction in which he or she is licensed to practice podiatry; and
- (3) The applicant has participated in a program of continuing education that is equivalent to the program of continuing education that is required pursuant to NRS 635.115 for podiatric physicians licensed in this State.

(Added to NRS by 2007, 1041)

NRS 635.067 Submission of fingerprints. Each applicant for a license, including, without limitation, a limited or provisional license, must submit to the Board:

- 1. A complete set of fingerprints; and
- 2. Written permission authorizing the Board to forward the fingerprints submitted pursuant to subsection 1 to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report.

(Added to NRS by 2011, 1871)

NRS 635.070 Issuance of license to successful applicants. Without unnecessary delay, the Board shall act upon an application for a license submitted pursuant to this chapter. If an applicant is found qualified, the applicant must be issued a license to practice podiatry, or as a podiatry hygienist, as the case may be.

[Part 4:149:1949; 1943 NCL § 1077.4] + [Part 10:149:1949; 1943 NCL § 1077.10]—(NRS A 1969, 906; 1971, 1025; 1985, 494; 1987, 1854; 2007, 1043)

NRS 635.073 Board prohibited from issuing or renewing license unless applicant attests to certain information related to safe and appropriate injection practices. The Board shall not issue or renew a license to practice podiatry unless the applicant for issuance or renewal of the license attests to knowledge of and compliance with the guidelines of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention concerning the prevention of transmission of infectious agents through safe and appropriate injection practices.

(Added to NRS by 2011, 2055)

# NRS 635.075 Limited license: Application; fee; qualifications; limitations on practice; renewal; regulations.

- 1. The Board shall issue a limited license to practice podiatry pursuant to this section to each applicant who complies with the provisions of this section.
  - 2. An applicant for a limited license to practice podiatry must submit to the Board:
  - (a) An application on a form provided by the Board;
- (b) A fee in the amount of the fee for an application for a license required pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 3 of NRS 635.050; and
  - (c) Satisfactory proof that the applicant:
    - (1) Is of good moral character;
    - (2) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States;
    - (3) For not less than 25 years:
- (I) Was licensed to practice podiatry in one or more states or the District of Columbia and practiced podiatry during the period each such license was in effect; and
- (II) Remained licensed in good standing at all times during the period he or she was licensed to practice podiatry; and
- (4) Has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130. For the purposes of this subparagraph, an affidavit signed by the applicant stating that the applicant has not committed any act described in subsection 2 of NRS 635.130 constitutes satisfactory proof.
- 3. An applicant for a limited license is not required to be licensed to practice podiatry in another state or the District of Columbia when he or she submits the application for a limited license to the Board.
- 4. A person who is issued a limited license pursuant to this section may practice podiatry only under the direct supervision of a podiatric physician who is licensed pursuant to this chapter and who does not hold a limited license issued pursuant to this section.
  - 5. A limited license issued pursuant to this section:
  - (a) Is effective upon issuance; and
  - (b) May be renewed in the manner prescribed in NRS 635.110.
  - 6. The Board may:
- (a) Place such restrictions and conditions upon a limited license issued pursuant to this section as the Board deems appropriate; and
  - (b) Adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.

(Added to NRS by 2003, 672; A 2007, 1043)

#### NRS 635.082 Provisional license: Qualifications; application; examination; fees; regulations.

- 1. A graduate of an accredited school of podiatry may, during his or her residency, be granted a provisional license to practice podiatry under the direct supervision of a podiatric physician licensed to practice in this State. A provisional license must not be effective for more than 1 year and is not renewable.
  - 2. A provisional license to practice podiatry may be issued by the Board to any person who:
  - (a) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States.
  - (b) Has received the degree of D.P.M., Doctor of Podiatric Medicine, from an accredited school of podiatry.
  - (c) Has passed the examination given by the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners.
- 3. An applicant for a provisional license to practice podiatry must submit to the Board or a committee thereof pursuant to such regulations as the Board may adopt:
  - (a) The fee for an application for a provisional license of not more than \$600;
  - (b) Proof satisfactory to the Board that the requirements of subsection 2 have been met; and
  - (c) All other information required by the Board to complete an application for a provisional license.
  - 4. The fee required pursuant to subsection 3 must be established by regulation of the Board.
  - 5. The Board may by regulation govern the issuance and conditions of the provisional license.

(Added to NRS by 1987, 1852; A 1993, 2221; 1995, 869; 2007, 1044)

## **NRS 635.093 Podiatry hygienists: Requirements for license; fee.** Any person wishing to be licensed as a podiatry hygienist in this State must:

- 1. Furnish the Board with satisfactory proof that the person:
- (a) Is of good moral character.
- (b) Is a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to remain and work in the United States.
- (c) Has satisfactorily completed a course for podiatry hygienists approved by the Board or has had 6 months or more of training in a podiatric physician's office as approved by the Board.
  - 2. Submit all information required to complete an application for a license.
  - 3. Pay to the Board a fee, not exceeding \$100, which must be established by regulation of the Board.

(Added to NRS by 1971, 1024; A 1977, 132; 1979, 1868; 1985, 495; 1987, 1858; 1993, 2221; 1997, 2136; 2005, 2735, 2807; 2007, 1045)

NRS 635.097 Podiatry hygienists: Limitation on practice. The holder of a valid and active license to practice as a podiatry hygienist may be employed as a podiatry hygienist in this State only in the office of a licensed podiatric physician.

(Added to NRS by 1971, 1024; A 1979, 1869; 1987, 1854; 1993, 2222)

#### NRS 635.098 Podiatry hygienists: Authorized activities; required knowledge.

- 1. Any podiatry hygienist in the employ and under the direction of a podiatric physician may:
- (a) Apply orthopedic padding.
- (b) Administer to patients by means of physiotherapeutic equipment.
- (c) Make up surgical packs.
- (d) Strap and cast for orthopedic appliances.
- (e) Take and develop X rays.
- (f) Assist in foot surgery.
- (g) Administer oral medications.
- 2. The Board may require that every podiatry hygienist have a general knowledge of sterile techniques, aseptic maintenance of surgery rooms, emergency treatments, podiatric nomenclature and podiatric surgical procedure.

(Added to NRS by 1977, 133; A 1985, 495; 1993, 2222)

### Link to SB68:

 $https://mail.state.nv.us/owa/redir.aspx?C=a6d62d1f51ed4648bfbb71ad7fe57f7d\&URL=http%3a%2f%2fwww.leg.state.nv.us%2fSession%2f78th2015%2fbills%2fAmendments%2fA\_SB68\_65.pdf$